

CHEMISTRY

CHAPTER 4 – WORKSHEET G

- Find the empirical formula for the following compounds:
 - 26.0 g of a cobalt chloride which produces 11.96 g of cobalt
 - 9.89 g of a chromium sulphide which produces 6.42 g of sulphur
 - 25.8 mg of an oxygen chloride which forms 17.8 mg of chloride gas
- Find the molecular formula of the following compound if:
 - empirical formula is CH_2 and molar mass is 70 g/mole
 - empirical formula is CH_2O and M.W. is 180 g/mole
 - empirical formula is CH_2 and 0.20 moles weighs 25.2 g
- Find the percent composition of the following compounds:

a) CuO	e) Cobalt III chlorate
b) Cu_2O	f) nitrogen monoxide
c) $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$	g) nitrogen dioxide
d) NH_4NO_2	h) dinitrogen pentoxide
- Find the empirical formula for the following compounds:
 - 70.0% iron and 30.0% oxygen
 - 72.4% iron and 27.6% oxygen
 - 54.5% carbon, 9.1% hydrogen and 36.4% oxygen
- Find the molecular formula of the following compounds:
 - it has 30.4% N and 69.6% O with a M.W. of 92 g/mole
 - it has 24.2% carbon, 4.0% hydrogen and 71.7% chloride with a molar mass of 99 g/mole

ANSWERS

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|----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1.a) CoCl_2 | 2.a) C_5H_{10} | 4.a) Fe_2O_3 | 5.a) N_2O_4 |
| b) CrS_3 | b) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ | b) Fe_3O_4 | b) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_2$ |
| c) OCl | c) C_9H_{18} | c) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}$ | |

PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION PROBLEMS

- The following chemical compounds are commonly used as sources of nitrogen in fertilizers. Calculate the % nitrogen by mass in each compound.
 - ammonium nitrate
 - ammonia
 - urea $(\text{NH}_2)_2\text{CO}$
 - ammonium dihydrogen phosphate
- Calcium phosphate is a main constituent of human teeth and bones. The average human skeleton has a mass of 15kg. Calculate:
 - The mass of calcium in the average human skeleton
 - The percentage phosphate by mass in the average human skeleton
- Calculate the percentage carbon by mass in each of the following fuels:
 - methane (natural gas) CH_4
 - propane (as in gas barbecues) C_3H_8
 - ethyl alcohol (as in gasohol) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$
 - octane (a main ingredient in gasoline) C_8H_{18}
 - acetylene (used for welding) C_2H_2
 - paraffin (as in candle wax) $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{62}$
 - butane (as in lighter fluid) C_4H_{10}
- Which of the following fertilizer chemicals has the higher % phosphorus by mass?
 - "ammophos" $\text{NH}_4\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4$
 - triple superphosphate $\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4)_2$
- Which of the following antibiotics has the higher % nitrogen by mass?
 - sulphanilamide $\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$
 - chloromycetin $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{Cl}_2$
 - pennicillin $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}$
- Aspirin, chemical name acetylsalicylic acid (ASA) is a common pain killer and fever-reducing agent. The molecular formula is $\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}_4$. Calculate the % carbon by mass in aspirin.

ANSWERS

- 1(a) 35% (b) 82.4% (c) 46.7% (d) 12.2% 2(a) 5.8kg (b) 61.3% 3(a) 75%
(b) 81.8% (c) 52.2% (d) 84.2% (e) 92.3% (f) 85.3% (g) 82.8% 4(a) 27%
(b) 26.5% 5(a) 16.3% (b) 8.67% (c) 10.3% 6 60%